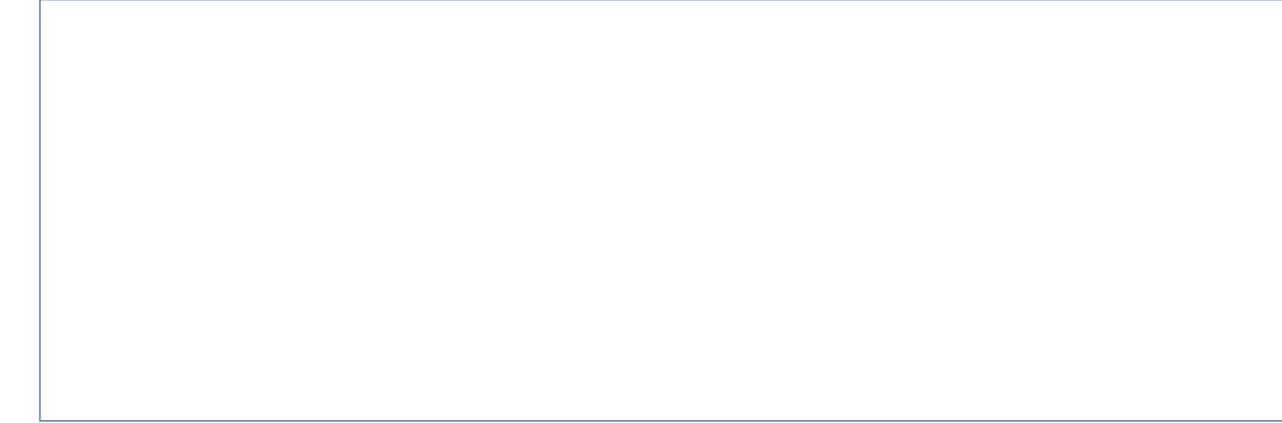
### **Creative Concepts**

Technique

Summarize main points from each video.

Title / topic



Title / topic

#### Title / topic

### **Topic Introduction**

#### Summarize your understanding of each paragraph.

A diagram is a symbolic representation of information according to some visualization technique. Sometimes text without graphic enhancement is the best way to communicate in print. But sometimes, the use of a diagram can greatly enhance communication.

While "diagram" can refer to a variety of visual illustrations, in HoneycuttScience the expression "diagram" usually indicates some type of qualitative data with shapes that are connected by lines, arrows, or other visual links.

Quantifiable data (data with numeric values) can be displayed through X-Y grams, bar charts, pie charts, etc ... Most students are familiar with the use of diagrams to display numeric data. Students may not be as familiar with ways to display non-numeric data.

This topic is part of a series of Technique topics in Honeycutt Science. This topic is related to 21<sup>st</sup> Century Skills and Strategic Thinking. This topic emphasizes and encourages students to make use of seven different types of diagrams to convey qualitative data.

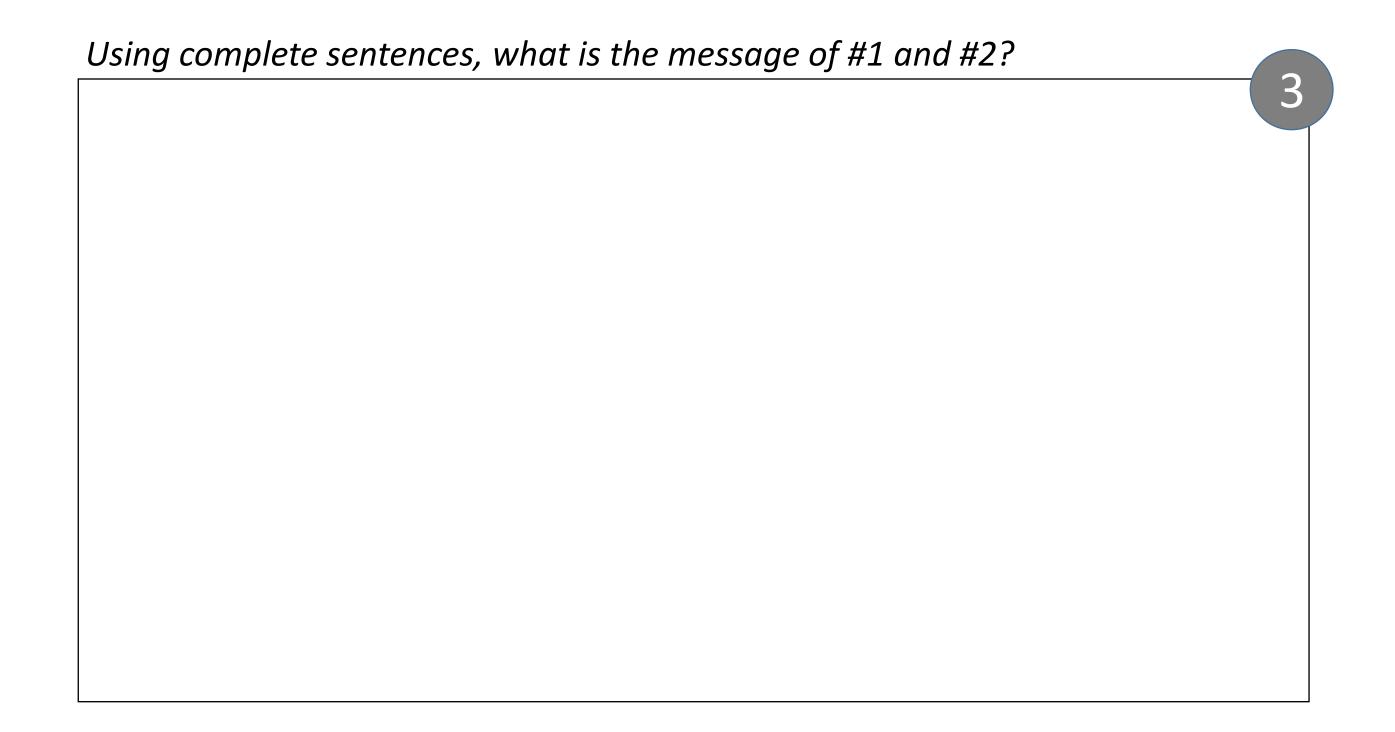
# Read / Look / Compare

- 1. Read the passage.
- 2. View the image.
- 3. Compare / contrast the words with the image.



http://greatinspire.com/30-stunning-black-and-white-photography/





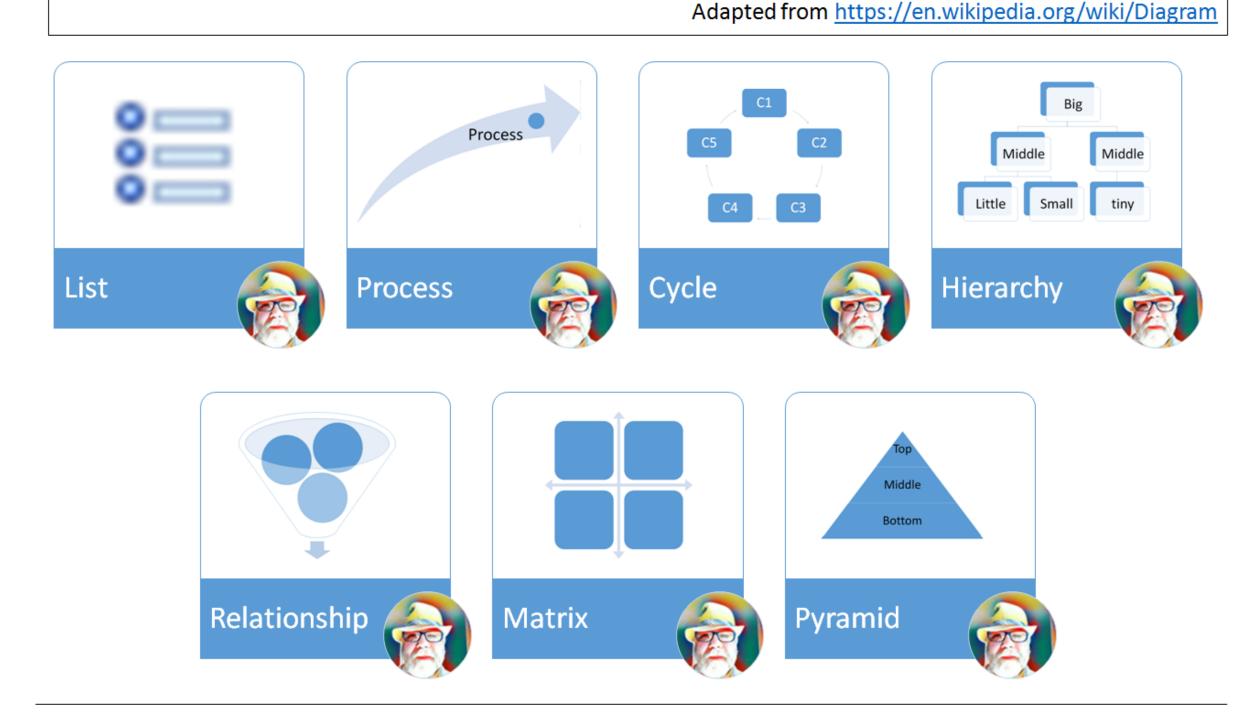
## **Review Page for Comprehension**

No summary is required.

#### **Reference diagrams**

A diagram is a symbolic representation of information according to some visualization technique.

While "diagram" can refer to a variety of visual illustrations, in HoneycuttScience the expression "diagram" usually indicates some type of qualitative data with shapes that are connected by lines, arrows, or other visual links.



This packet intends to introduce some creative concepts through the use of "SmartArt" graphical diagrams.

After reviewing this packet, students will be better equipped to thoughtfully use diagrams to summarize and convey information.

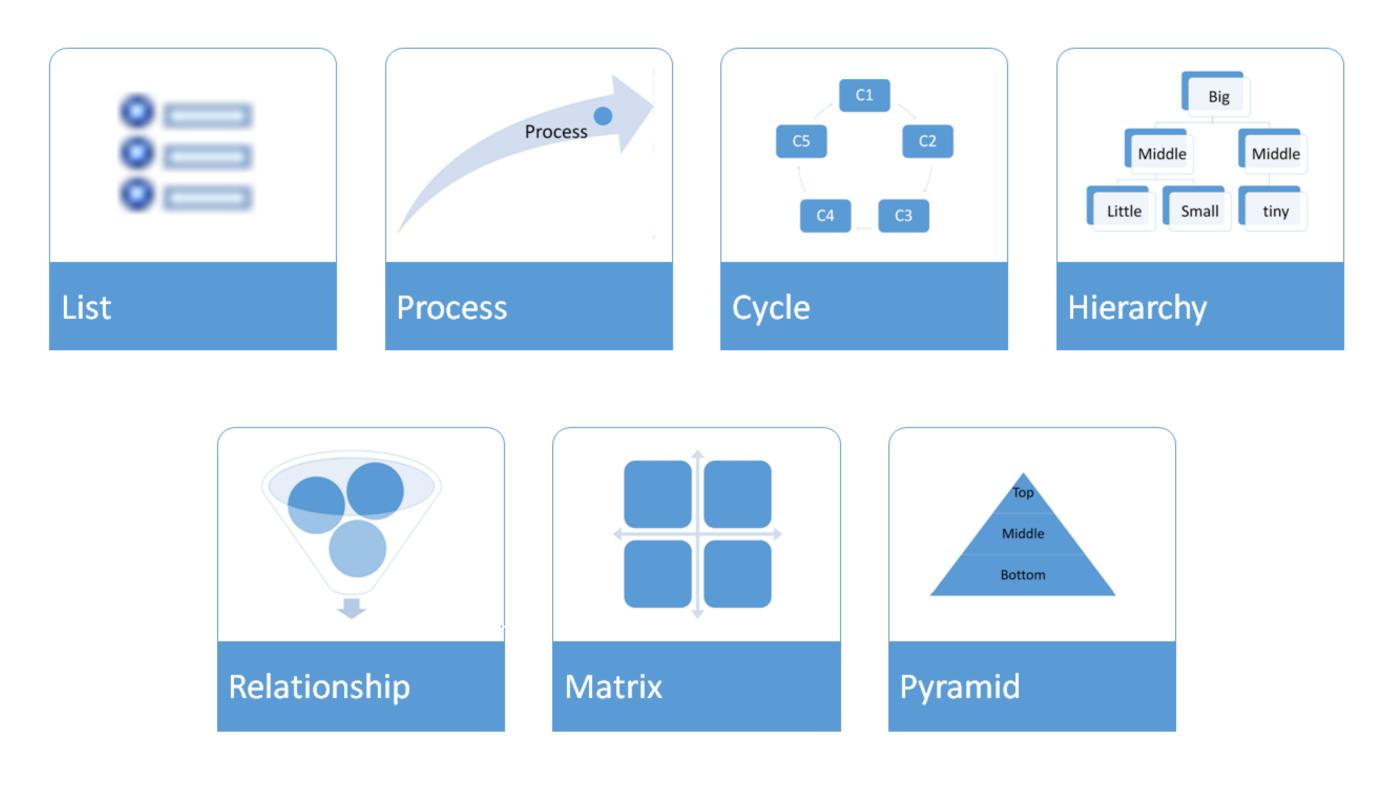
The use of diagrams directly supports three of the "4Cs" as part of 21<sup>st</sup> Century Skills: Critical thinking, Communication, and Creativity.

When working on a small team – selecting appropriate diagrams also contributes to Collaboration.

### **Draw Illustration**



### Copy and Label the Illustration in the Space Provided



### Draw (Copy) the Illustration Here

### Interpret a Diagram

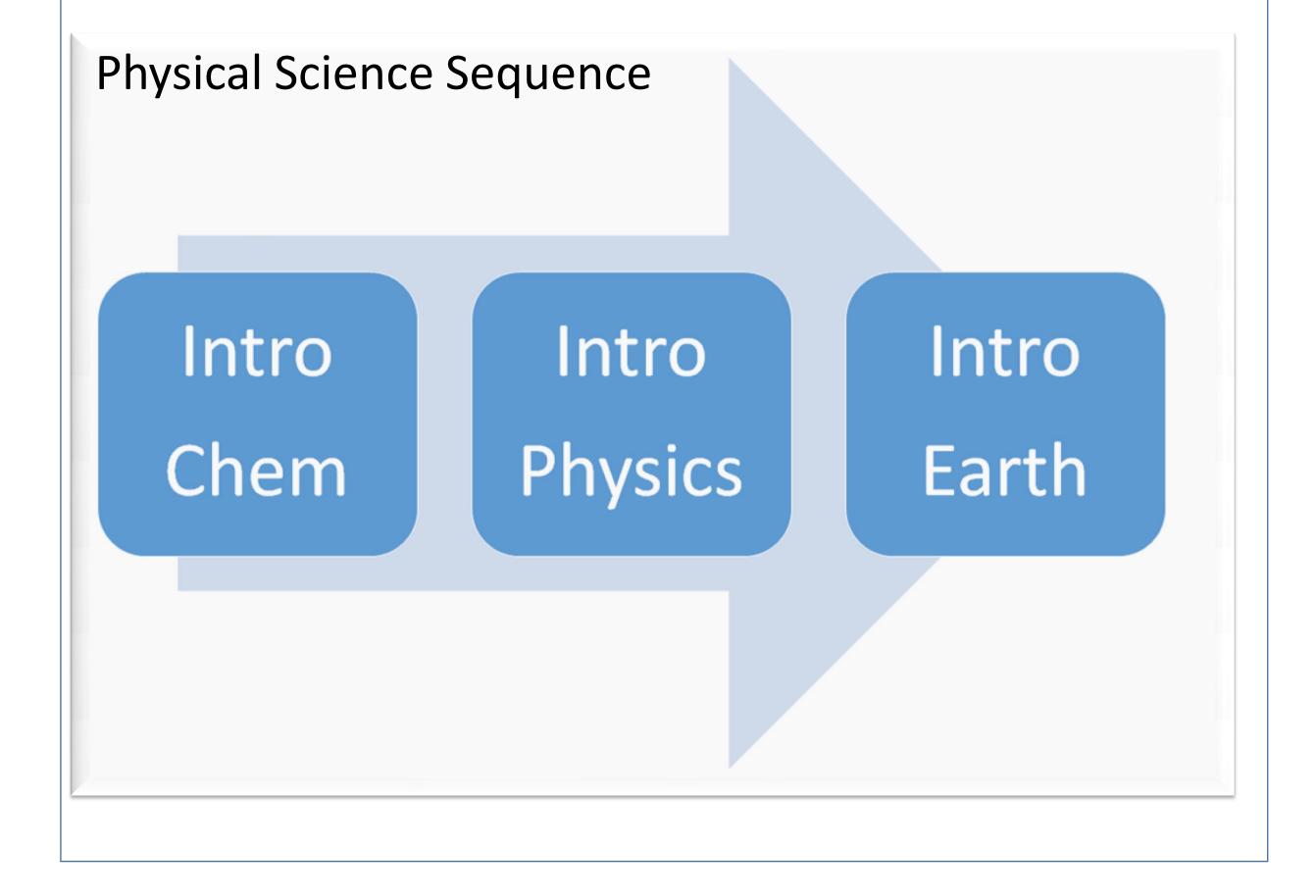


Write the title of the diagram \_\_\_\_

**Circle the primary type of diagram this represents** List Process Cycle Hierarchy Pyramid Matrix Relationship

**Circle other diagram-types this diagram somewhat represents** *List Process Cycle Hierarchy Pyramid Matrix Relationship* 

Summarize what this graph represents or conveys



## Show-Off Your Smarts!

#### Instructions



- Complete as an individual or small group.
- Discuss your ideas/answers/responses in a small group.
- Select one person to present your responses to the class.
- Q1. How can the use of the seven diagram types be applied to your life this year?
- Q2. How can the use of the seven diagram types be applied to your life ten years from now?
- Q3. In your opinion, which of the seven diagram types best represents the progression from kindergarten to your current level in school? Why? Draw it.

#### Draw it.

### Make a Poster

In the space provided use the diagram-type listed to convey what you have learned in science this year.

Process Diagram	Pyramid Diagram

Dolotionshin Diagram

List Disgram

Relationship Diagram	List Diagram	