009 Math Practice
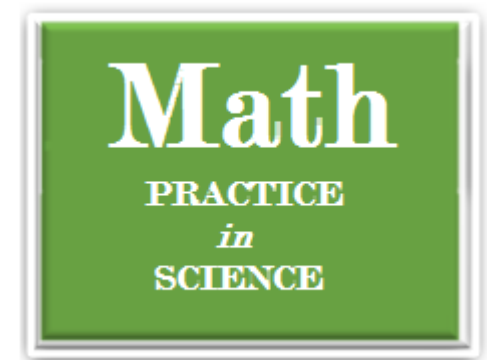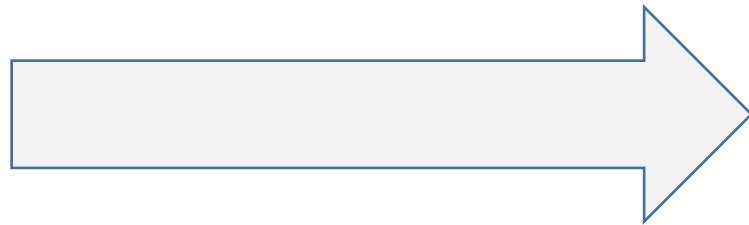## Addition

When you are adding two-digit number, add the ones first. Then add the tens.

Example:

$$
\begin{array}{r} 37 \\ +\ 2 \\ \hline 39 \end{array}
$$

tens / ones

$$
\begin{array}{c|c} 3 & 7 \\ + & 2 \\ \hline 3 & 9 \end{array}
$$

Sometimes the sum of two numbers in a column is more than 9.
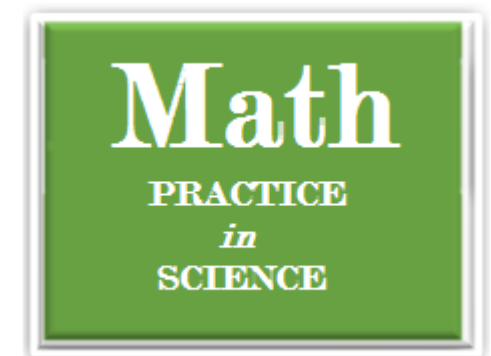
Example: 48 + 5 = 53
Add the ones first. 8 + 5 = 13
Write the 3 in the ones column.
Write the 1, which represents 10, in the tens column.
Add the tens. 1 + 4 = 5.

$$
\begin{array}{r} {}^{1}\ \\ 48 \\ +\ 5 \\ \hline 3 \end{array}
\qquad
\begin{array}{r} {}^{1}\ \\ 48 \\ +\ 5 \\ \hline 53 \end{array}
$$

1.	24	16	35	14	21	54	68	33
	+ 5	+ 3	+ 2	+ 3	+ 8	+ 7	+ 6	+ 9

2.	58	63	90	49	25	68	57	23
	+ 32	+ 45	+ 63	+ 66	+ 61	+ 56	+ 94	+ 35

3.	305	103	275	333	301	995	47	73
	+ 621	+ 611	+ 600	+ 895	+ 563	+ 678	+ 45	+ 88

4.	2	4	3	6	3	6	9	1
	4	5	1	9	2	8	3	7
	+ 5	+ 2	+ 2	+ 4	+ 7	+ 3	+ 7	+ 9

5.	28	93	50	97	62	25	73	92
	54	23	10	85	34	35	38	69
	+ 90	+ 74	+ 83	+ 34	+ 18	+ 66	+ 75	+ 34

6.	278	105	895	461	700	205	196	673
	495	932	812	158	621	511	262	115
	+ 339	+ 409	+ 527	+ 405	+ 299	+ 388	+ 428	+ 137

010 Math Practice
Subtracting Whole Numbers

Math PRACTICE *in* SCIENCE

When we subtract whole numbers, we line up the numbers in the correct columns.

Example: Subtract: 28 − 5

```
  28    Minuend
−  5    Subtrahend
  23    Difference
```

Example: Subtract: 9 − 6   Subtract: 57 − 21

```
   9            57
 − 6          − 21
   3            36
```

1.   9 − 4

2.   8 − 3

3.   7 − 6

4.   9 − 5

5.   5 − 4

6.   8 − 5

7.   7 − 7

8.   8 − 0

9.   9 − 2

10.   6 − 5

11.   12 − 2

12.   25 − 14

13.   42 − 31

14.   18 − 8

15.   27 − 27

16.   298 − 35

17.   394 − 52

18.   158 − 26

19.   166 − 46

20.   453 − 20

21.   698 − 223

22.   734 − 202

23.   282 − 100

24.   956 − 235

25.   755 − 120

26.   4,576 − 342

27.   4,594 − 373

28.   3,857 − 1,546

29.   6,206 − 2,205

30.   4,865 − 4,264

31.   6,598 − 1,276

32.   7,547 − 6,313

33.   6,289 − 2,021

34.   4,836 − 3,711

35.   9,385 − 4,031