026 Math Practice
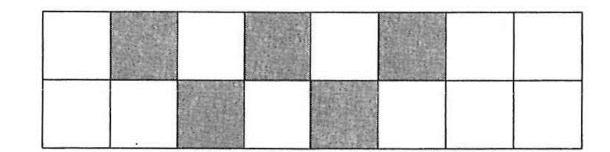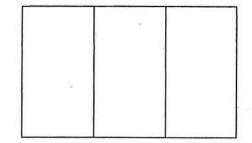## Shading Fractional Parts

The figure has a total of 16 parts. Five parts are shaded. This figure represents the fraction $\frac{5}{16}$.
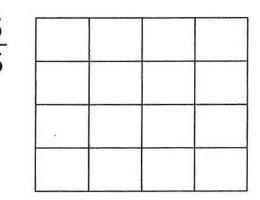
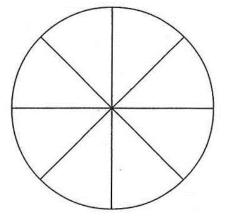$\frac{5}{16}$

Shade each figure to represent the given fraction.
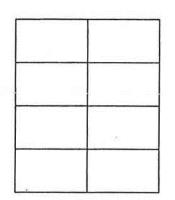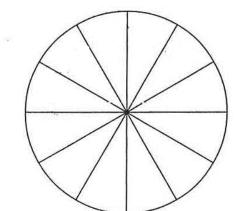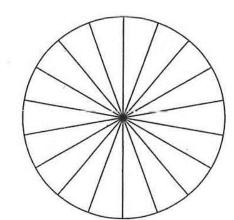
1. $\frac{2}{3}$

2. $\frac{15}{16}$
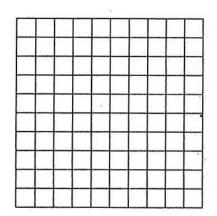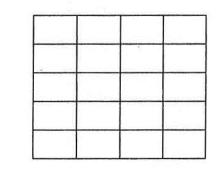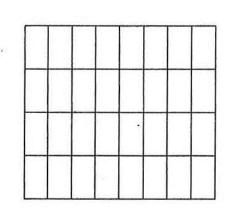
3. $\frac{5}{8}$

4. $\frac{3}{8}$

5. $\frac{5}{12}$

6. $\frac{8}{18}$

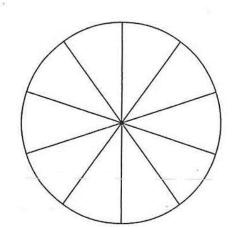7. $\frac{10}{36}$

8. $\frac{9}{20}$
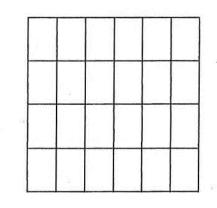
9. $\frac{6}{32}$

10. $\frac{7}{10}$

11. $\frac{15}{24}$
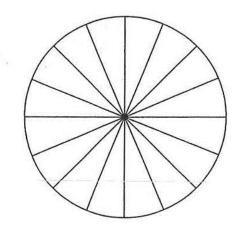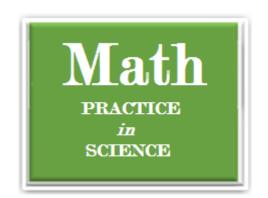
12. $\frac{11}{16}$

Draw and shade figures to show $\frac{2}{10}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{3}{13}$ and $\frac{10}{20}$.

027 Math Practice
Word Names for Fractions

There are special rules that you use when writing or reading fractions.

Rule 1: Read or write the numerator first. Say or write it just as you would a whole number.

Rule 2: Read or write the denominator second. Denominators are written or read with special endings. These endings are the same ones you would use to read a numbered street name. For example, 5th Avenue is read and correctly written as Fifth Avenue.

If we use these rules:

$\dfrac{5}{7}$

The numerator is read and written as "five."

The denominator is read and written as "sevenths."

Therefore, the fraction is read and written as "five sevenths."

Example: $\dfrac{6}{11}$ is read and written as "six elevenths."

DENOMINATOR SPELLING CHART				
half	third	fourth	fifth	sixth
seventh	eighth	ninth	tenth	eleventh
twelfth	thirteenth	fourteenth	fifteenth	sixteenth
seventeenth	eighteenth	nineteenth	twentieth	thirtieth
fortieth	fiftieth	sixtieth	seventieth	eightieth
ninetieth	hundredth			

Write the word names for the fractions below. The spelling chart may help you spell the denominators

1. $\dfrac{22}{80}$ _____

2. $\dfrac{12}{60}$ _____

3. $\dfrac{2}{17}$ _____

4. $\dfrac{18}{27}$ _____

5. $\dfrac{5}{90}$ _____

6. $\dfrac{70}{100}$ _____

7. $\dfrac{8}{30}$ _____

8. $\dfrac{17}{70}$ _____

9. $\dfrac{55}{69}$ _____

10. $\dfrac{1}{99}$ _____

11. $\dfrac{34}{48}$ _____

12. $\dfrac{7}{100}$ _____