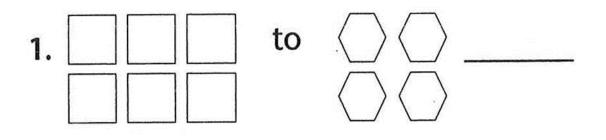
062 Math Practice **Equal Ratios**

Some ratios can be written in lower terms. The ratio 12:16 can be expressed as 3:4.

Use a ratio to make the following comparisons. Write the answer in Example: lowest terms.

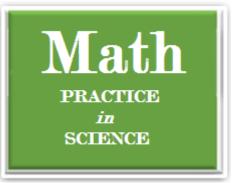
> 6 pounds to \$2.40 a.

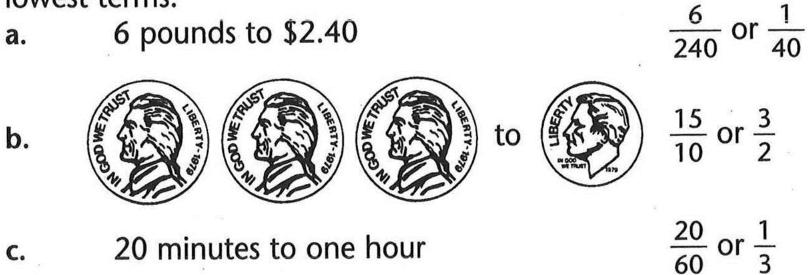
Write a ratio to make each comparison. Use the fractional form. Write the ratio in lowest terms.

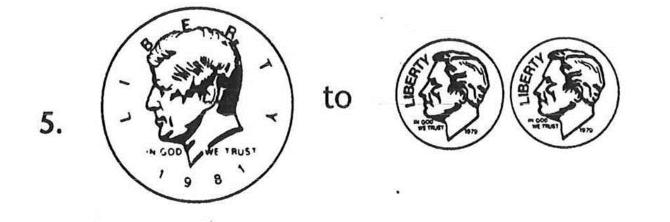


3. 240 miles to 9 gallons

2. 45 minutes to 3 hours to 4.



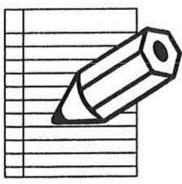








- 7. 8 dogs for 6 doghouses _____ 9. 12 ties for 3 shirts _____ 11. 6 hits for 8 times at bat _____ 13. 3 cars for 12 drivers _____
- 8. 8 lamps for 20 desks _____ 10. 160 tires to 4 pumps _____ 12. 10 crates for 56 books _____ 14. 480 apples for 10 pies _____



Ernie made 9 free throws out of 12 attempts. What is Ernie's ratio of free throws to attempts?

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063 Math Practice

Comparing Ratios

You can easily find out whether two ratios are equal. To do this, you have to construct a proportion. A *proportion* has two parts: the means and the extremes.

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{6} \text{ and } 2:3 = 4:6$$

$$\underbrace{2:3}_{\text{extremes}}$$

PRACTICE in SCIENCE

If the product of the means equals the product of the extremes, then the ratios are equal. In the above example, $3 \times 4 = 12$ and $2 \times 6 = 12$. Therefore, these two ratios are equal and form a proportion.

Examples:

$\frac{12}{15}$? $\frac{20}{25}$	$\frac{8}{12}$? $\frac{20}{25}$
20 x 15 ? 12 x 25	20 x 12 ? 8 x 25
300 ? 300	240 ? 200
$300 = 300$ $\frac{12}{15} = \frac{20}{25}$	$240 \neq 200$ $\frac{8}{12} \neq \frac{20}{25}$

The symbol for "is equal to" is =.

The symbol for "is not equal to" is \neq .

Multiply the means and extremes to tell which are proportions. Write = or ≠ for each.

4. $\frac{20}{15}$ 3. $\frac{8}{6}$ () $\frac{4}{3}$ 2. $\frac{12}{8}$ $9\frac{6}{6}$ 1. $\frac{10}{16}$ () $\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{7}{5}$ 8. $\frac{10}{12}$ 7. $\frac{10}{7}$ 6. $\frac{24}{6}$ $\left(\begin{array}{c} \frac{12}{3} \end{array} \right)$ $\frac{12}{8}$ $\frac{15}{18}$ **5.** $\frac{15}{18}$ $2\frac{2}{3}$ 11. $\frac{5}{9}$ () $\frac{15}{27}$ 12. $\frac{9}{10}$ $\frac{11}{12}$ 10. $\frac{4}{5}$ () $\frac{3}{4}$ <u>8</u> 9 9. $\frac{5}{6}$ 15. $\frac{10}{15}$ \bigcirc $\frac{33}{51}$ 16. $\frac{30}{10}$ \bigcirc 14. $\frac{20}{21}$ () $\frac{12}{14}$ 13. $\frac{4}{9}$ $\frac{6}{11}$ $\frac{33}{11}$

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